

# TriStar



Engineered Plastic Solutions™



## Composite Bearings



Engineering | Custom Fabrication | Manufacturing

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Compressive Strength	Tensile Strength	Temp. Service	Temp. Min	Temp. Max	Speed (V)	System (PV)	
Above 2000 psi	All	Above 300°F	All	Above 200°F	All	All	
Category: All   Family: High Performance   Approvals: All							
Displaying 28 matching items...							
<input type="checkbox"/> PTFE	Fluoropolymers	HG55	Data Sheet	6,100	-100	330	302
<input type="checkbox"/> Fluorovent 207	Fluoropolymers	HG55	Data Sheet	1,500	-400	550	500
<input type="checkbox"/> Fluorovent 500	Fluoropolymers	HG55	Data Sheet	1,000	-400	550	500
<input type="checkbox"/> Fluorovent MPV	Fluoropolymers	HG55	Data Sheet	1,400	-400	550	500
<input type="checkbox"/> Fluorovent MT01	Fluoropolymers	HG55	Data Sheet	2,100	-400	650	600
<input type="checkbox"/> Ketron CA30 PEK	Polyetheretherketone	HG55	Data Sheet	19,000	-4	500	482
<input type="checkbox"/> Ketron CM QP20 PEK	Polyetheretherketone	HG55	Data Sheet	7,400	-	500	480
<input type="checkbox"/> Ketron CM 40V PEK	Polyetheretherketone	HG55	Data Sheet	7,900	-76	500	480
<input type="checkbox"/> Ketron QP20 Blue LSG	Polyetheretherketone	HG55	Data Sheet	14,000	-100	500	480
<input type="checkbox"/> Ketron QP20 PEK	Polyetheretherketone	HG55	Data Sheet	14,000	-4	500	480
<input type="checkbox"/> Ketron PEK CA30 LSG	Polyetheretherketone	HG55	Data Sheet	19,000	-4	500	482
<input type="checkbox"/> Ketron PEK Classic LSG White	Polyetheretherketone	HG55	Data Sheet	19,000	-58	500	482
<input type="checkbox"/> PTFE	Fluoropolymers	HG55	Data Sheet	3,900	-200	570	530
<input type="checkbox"/> Semtron E40	Polyetheretherketone	HG55	Data Sheet	6,500	-100	500	475
<input type="checkbox"/> Semtron E40 300H	Fluoropolymers	HG55	Data Sheet	1,900	-400	550	500
<input type="checkbox"/> Semtron E40 400H	Polyetheretherketone	HG55	Data Sheet	14,000	-100	500	475
<input type="checkbox"/> Semtron M55 100	Polyetheretherketone	HG55	Data Sheet	14,700	-100	500	480
<input type="checkbox"/> Tecapack QP20	Polyetheretherketone	HG55	Data Sheet	27,000	-100	525	485
<input type="checkbox"/> Tecapack QP20	Polyetheretherketone	HG55	Data Sheet	22,800	-100	520	572
<input type="checkbox"/> Tecapack 1000	UHMW	HG55	Data Sheet	19,000	-100	350	340
<input type="checkbox"/> Tecapack QP10	UHMW	HG55	Data Sheet	19,800	-100	350	340

Material Data

Use our material database to filter and compare hundreds of the most popular high-performance plastics based on specific characteristics. Includes a built-in PV calculator.

Filter, compare, and call on our engineering team to help you choose the right material and component geometry for your application.

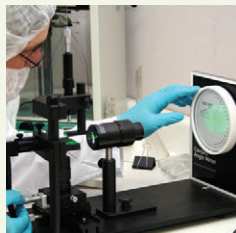


Educational Seminars

We offer a series of training seminars on a variety of subjects relative to materials, component design and applications.

Custom seminars are available for your specific industry. Contact TriStar's technical department for more information.

Topic	Title
High Performance Materials	Pushing the Design Envelope of Plastics
Plane Bearing Technology	The Application of Self-Lubricating Materials in Bearings
Composites	Materials for Extreme Bearing Structural Applications
Fluoropolymers	Specific Overview of Fluoropolymers and their Applications

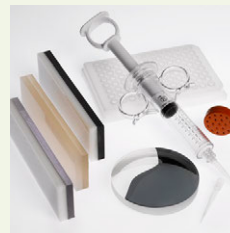


Analytical Services

We offer a complete array of surface analysis and materials characterization solutions by providing services that help companies get the critical information they need.

Our analytical techniques include:

- FTIR
- XPS
- AFM
- Goniometry
- Durometer [shore A shore D]
- Haze, Transmittance, Clarity [mainly transparent materials]
- Tensile Pull Testing [shear and T-peel]
- Compression Testing
- Flexural Testing



Enhanced Materials Division

From enhancing cell culture trays to bonding dissimilar materials, the scientists at TriStar's Enhanced Materials Division (EMD) can assist you in identifying problems and recommending solutions for your toughest surface issues.

Our services include:

- Plasma Treatment
- Asymmetric & Symmetric Filtration Membranes
- Specialized Primers & Coatings

Our expert technicians apply unique, dry, environmentally-friendly techniques to modify the surface of polymers, elastomers, and films in order to dramatically increase [or, if desired, decrease] the bond strength of adhesives, paint, markings, or specialty coatings.

TriStar  
WHAT WE DO | INDUSTRIES | RESOURCES | WEBSTORE | ABOUT US

TRISTAR PLASTICS - YOUR ENGINEERING PARTNER FROM PROTOTYPE TO PRODUCTION

TriStar Plastics Corp. provides engineering, custom fabrication and manufacturing of high-performance plastics and self-lubricating bearings materials. Our capabilities include component design, material selection, prototype, production and manufacturing.



Our site has been praised by engineers and purchasing agents alike. We continually strive to make this site an indispensable engineering resource for your company.

- Engineering Tools
- Ask the Expert
- Tech Talk Blog
- On-line Brochures
- Material Database
- Product Videos
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With our in-house technical and scientific staff we can resolve any challenge and help you find the right engineered plastic solution.

- Material Database**  
Search our database of 450+ plastic materials
- Ask the Expert**  
Engineering assistance & material selection support
- Technical Library**  
Spec sheets, engineering worksheets, case studies & brochures.
- Webstore**
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- Customer Portal**



## Composite Bearings

CJ composites are ideal for non-lubricated, high-load applications in a variety of climates and operating environments, exhibit a high load capacity similar to bronze, powdered metal and steel, and provide longer wear and extended operating life without the costs associated with lubrication. CJ composites are available with thick walls for drop in replacement of steel and bronze bearings. CJ composites also don't rust like metal components, so you can use them in environments where traditional metals corrode and fail. You'll find TriStar bearing materials in heavy-duty agricultural, automotive, construction, industrial, marine, railway, and material handling equipment. ■ CJ composites possess a modulus of elasticity that falls between rigid metals and soft plastics. CJ components are rigid enough to support heavy loads, yet compliant enough to tolerate moderate amounts of shaft misalignment without highly stressing the ends. The composite wall acts like a spring and the thicker the wall section of the bearing the greater the deflection for a given load. Thick wall bearings tolerate greater shaft misalignment and provide better shock absorbency.

### Features

High-load capacity/  
high-shock load capability

Self-lubricating design

Low coefficient of friction

Temperature resistant

Dimensionally stable in fluids

Chemical resistant

Flexible material design

Low weight/high strength

Thick-wall availability

### Benefits

Accommodates tremendous compression loads that literally crush competing composite materials.

Provides maintenance-free operation and eliminates the need for costly and messy greasing systems.

Reduces wear and extends operating life. Coefficients as low as 0.05 in dry applications and <0.009 in lubricated environments.

Operates flawlessly in temperatures ranging from cryogenic levels to a high of 300°F [149°C].

Call for higher temperature availability.

Absorption rates are negligible, providing near zero swell.

Compatible with a wide range of lubricants and media.

Suitable for press fit, freeze fit, epoxy bonding, as well as conventional mechanical retention.

Accommodates high-loads with superior strength to weight ratios.

Drop in replacement for metal or bronze bearings.



■ Long-wearing, maintenance-free bearing material for high-load applications



### CJ Composite Bearings

#### CJ Applications

- Backhoes
- Front end loaders
- Marine davits/sheaves
- Valve stem bushings
- Hitches
- Hydraulic cylinder pivots
- Graders
- Mining equipment
- Vending machines



### FCJ Composite Bearings

#### FCJ Applications

- Material handling equipment
- Packaging machinery
- Farm implements
- Spreaders
- Marine pivots
- Robotics
- Business machines
- Linear bearings
- Amusement park rides

Light-weight, high-strength, fatigue-resistant CJ composites are the ideal bearing choice for non-lubricated high-load/low-speed applications. CJ bearings provide excellent resistance to impact and shock loads and are capable of withstanding a high degree of shaft misalignment.

FCJ bearings are the ideal choice for combination motion-oscillatory, linear, and/or rotary applications. Their ability to run successfully against mild steel shafting makes for a cost-competitive system. Their versatility makes them excellent general purpose self-lubricating bearings.

The self-lubricating wear surface of CJ and FCJ composites are capable of reducing both equipment costs and the need for maintenance. Use CJ bearings in applications where:

- Conventional lubricants will not function.
- Shock loads are present.
- Stick-slip operation is undesirable.
- Low cost is an issue, particularly when taking into consideration the bearing, lubrication system, or maintenance.

Use CJ when your application requires:

- High-load capacity.
- Resistance to chemical, galvanic, or fretting corrosion.
- Minimal galling and scoring.
- Reduced weight.
- Electrical insulation.

The FCJ is used in applications with low loads and speeds up to 500 sf/m. They typically replace porous and cast bronze bearings. They are corrosion resistant, practically chemically inert and electrically insulative.

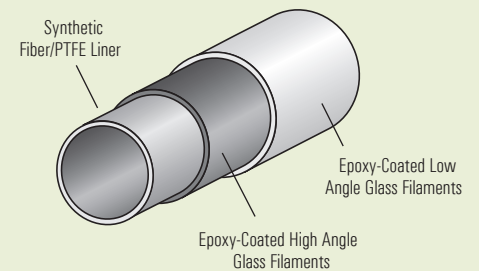
FCJ bearings are more tolerant of small contaminants than standard CJ bearings because of the ID liner. They are also easily machined using standard techniques.

Standard FCJ sizes interchange with standard bronze bearings making them an excellent alternative to metal and a perfect fit.

## Typical Specifications

### Recommended Operating Limits and Engineering Information

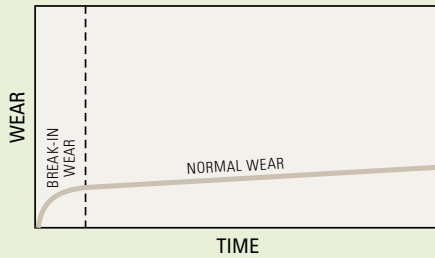
Properties		CJ	FCJ
Maximum Pressure (P)	(static)	psi	60,000 <sup>(1)</sup>
		MPa	414
	(dynamic)	psi	30,000
		MPa	207
Maximum Velocity (V)	(no load)	ft/min	150
		m/sec	.76
Lubrication		No	No
Temperature	— Typical Range	°F	-320/+300
		°C	-195/+149
Shaft Hardness	— Minimum, Rockwell Scale	Rc 50	Rb 25
Shaft Finish	Recommended Ra (Microinches)	8-16	8-16
Shaft Material		Steel	Steel
Coefficient of Friction	(Static/Dynamic Range)	.02 - .25	.01 - .20
Water Absorption	ASTM D570	<.5%	<.5%
Corrosion Resistance		Excellent	Excellent
Linear Coefficient of Thermal Expansion	(ASTM D696)	in/in/°F	7 x 10 <sup>-6</sup>
		cm/cm/°C	13 x 10 <sup>-6</sup>
		78°F to 300°F	7 x 10 <sup>-6</sup>
		26°C to 149°C	13 x 10 <sup>-6</sup>



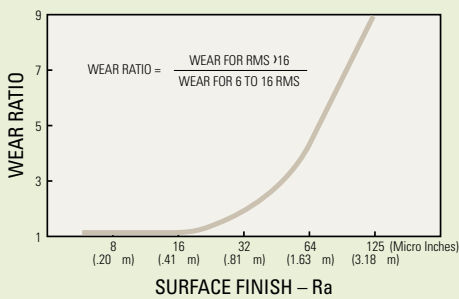
**CJ Bearing Construction**



**Figure A**  
Typical Wear Behavior For Composite Bearings

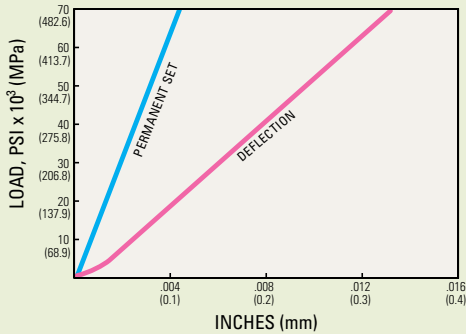


**Figure B**  
Wear vs. Surface Finish

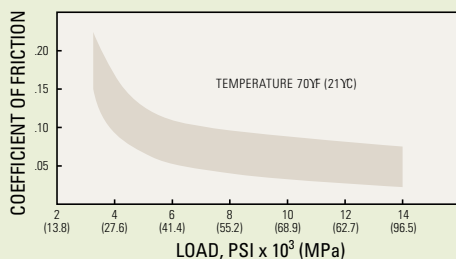


**Figure C**  
Deflection

Chart shows the deflection and the permanent set of a typical CJ Composite Bearing at load.



**Figure D**  
Coefficient of Friction vs. Load



## General Description

The CJ composite bearing is a multi-layer structure. The inner-most layer consists of a synthetic fiber/PTFE layer. The second layer consists of epoxy-coated high-angle glass filaments. The outer-most layer consists of epoxy-coated low-angle glass filaments.

The synthetic and PTFE fibers used in the liner have a long history of successful use as a bearing wear surface for rod end and aircraft spherical bearings. The high-load capacity and reliability of these bearings has made them the preferred design for many applications.

Fiberglass/epoxy filament wound composites were originally developed for use as pressure vessels and rocket motor cases. Their light weight, high strength, and fatigue resistance make them ideal materials for structural applications. When used to make a bearing, this material allows the selection of fiber angles to provide optimum strength and rigidity. The resulting structure has a modulus of elasticity of approximately  $2 \times 10^6$  psi [13.79 GPa] placing it in an intermediate area between rigid metals and soft plastic. It is rigid enough to support heavy loads, and at the same time compliant enough to tolerate moderate amounts of shaft misalignment without highly stressing the bearing corners.

The composite wall acts like a spring and the thicker the wall section of the bearing the greater the deflection for a given load [See Figure C]. This allows thick wall bearings to tolerate greater shaft misalignment. The wear surface will support the shaft primarily as a function of the load

rather than the shaft clearance. As load is applied, the wear surface will conform to the shaft assuring a large contact area. In contrast, the contact area of metal bearings decreases sharply as shaft clearances increase, and increase only slightly with load.

### Bearing Wear

Figure A depicts the typical wear behavior of a CJ or FCJ bearing. There is an initial break-in period during which a transfer film is established on the mating surface. In some situations, up to .001" [.03mm] of wear may occur at break-in and in other situations the wear may be negligible. After the break-in period, the wear rate stabilizes and remains relatively constant for the life of the bearing. There is a transfer film of PTFE, epoxy, and some synthetic fiber that clings tenaciously to the metal surface, and acts as a lubricant between the shaft and the bearing.

The equilibrium wear rate depends on a number of factors including loads, speeds, shaft hardness, and shaft surface finish. Under laboratory conditions, radial wear is approximately proportional to both sliding distance and load. The wear rate is often reported as a factor K. This relationship can be expressed as follows:

$$W = KPVT$$

W = Radial wear in inches

K = Wear factor

P = Load in psi

V = Sliding velocity  
[ft/min]

T = Time in hours

The following table shows the actual measured wear factor for a number of conditions of oscillation and rotation. These values were obtained using Rc 50 shafts with a surface finish of 16 Ra [4 µm]. The wear factor would increase if the shaft material was softer or the surface finish rougher. The performance using the softer shafts was significantly lower, especially at the higher load condition. While performance is lower, it is adequate for many less demanding applications.

**Measured Wear Factors for CJ Composite Bearings**

Type of Operation	P lbs/in <sup>2</sup>	V ft/min	K in <sup>3</sup> xmin/lbxfthr
Oscillation ±25°	229	43.6	9.6 x 10 <sup>-10</sup>
	4,900	2.0	1.9 x 10 <sup>-10</sup>
	15,000	.73	2.0 x 10 <sup>-9</sup>
Rotation	64	78.5	39.8 x 10 <sup>-10</sup>
	64	157.0	24.9 x 10 <sup>-10</sup>
	256	39.3	14.9 x 10 <sup>-10</sup>
	512	39.3	12.4 x 10 <sup>-10</sup>

**Measured Wear Factors for FCJ Composite Bearings**

Type of Operation	P lbs/in <sup>2</sup>	V ft/min	K in <sup>3</sup> xmin/lbxfthr
Oscillation ±25°	229	43.6	7.4 x 10 <sup>-10</sup>
	4,900	2.0	1.6 x 10 <sup>-10</sup>
	14,000	.73	5.52 x 10 <sup>-10</sup>
Rotation	64	78.5	33.1 x 10 <sup>-10</sup>
	64	157.00	19.9 x 10 <sup>-10</sup>
	256	39.3	14.6 x 10 <sup>-10</sup>
	512	39.3	12.41 x 10 <sup>-10</sup>

Using wear factors, the radial wear of a CJ bearing can be estimated by calculating *W* and adding .001" [.025 mm] for break-in wear. The liner can sustain .015-.020" [.38 mm-.51 mm] wear and still operate normally. Bearings having an inside diameter of over 2 -1/2" have a thicker liner capable of sustaining .025"

to .030" [.64mm - .76mm] wear. Surface finish affects wear rate as shown in [See Figure B, page 6] Field experience has shown that hard chrome plating gives excellent wear performance and protects the shaft from corrosion. Softer coatings such as cadmium and zinc will not stand up in service and quickly wear off.

#### Load Capacity

Normal application of load will cause a simple elastic deflection of the CJ bearing along with some permanent set. The set is primarily due to compaction of the synthetic fiber/PTFE liner. We do not typically recommend subjecting the bearings to over 35,000 psi [241 MPa] load. In common with other materials, fiberglass/epoxy composites can undergo fatigue after repeated application of stress. Fatigue has not been a limiting factor in the use of the CJ bearing. In fact, laboratory tests have shown that in many cases the bearing is more fatigue-resistant than the shaft. Laboratory tests show that the bearings fail by a gradual crushing action rather than a rapid catastrophic failure. This is consistent with typical composite behavior in which stress is supported by many fibers. If one fiber breaks, the load is redistributed among the others. Breakage of the entire structure will not occur until a large number of the individual fibers are broken. CJ composite bearings can easily withstand over 35,000 psi [241 MPa] static load or 20,000 psi [140 MPa] dynamic load with a great deal of reliability. In many cases, higher loading can be tolerated if the design and conditions of service are discussed fully with a TriStar bearing specialist.

Length to diameter ratio is also an important design consideration. Test results from the laboratory and the field have shown that the optimum performance can be attained by specifying a length to inside diameter ratio [L/D] ranging from .5 to 2. When the L/D ratio of less than .5 is used, it is possible to create highly stressed areas at the corner of the bearing and cracking will occur at this location prematurely. If the L/D ratio is over 2, with any amount of shaft misalignment, cross corner jamming will occur and unit stresses can exceed the 15,000 psi [103 MPa] safe dynamic limit or the 35,000 psi [241 MPa] static limit of the bearings. Bearings built with the proper L/D ratio will accept misalignment and shock load without premature failure.

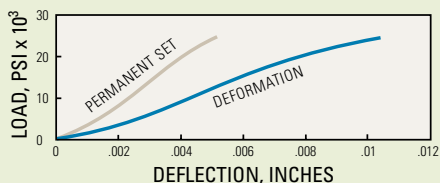
#### Coefficient of Friction

The coefficient of friction of a synthetic fiber/PTFE lined composite journal bearing running against a hardened Rc 50 steel shaft with a 16 Ra [4 µm] surface, or less, varies from .02 to .25 depending on the load, the relative sliding velocity, and the bearing surface temperature. Generally, the coefficient of friction decreases with increasing load [See Figure D, page 6].

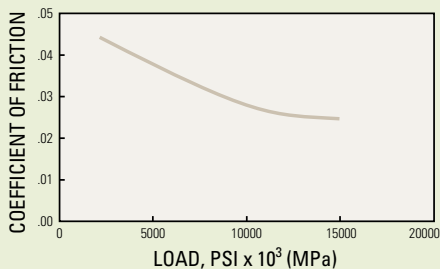
This information indicates that if the lowest coefficient of friction is desired, the smallest bearing capable of sustaining the load should be used, and that the bearings are capable of performing best under peak operating conditions when temperatures and loads may be higher.

**Figure E**  
**Deflection**

Chart shows the deflection and the permanent set of a typical FCJ Composite Bearing at load.



**Figure F**  
**Coefficient of Friction vs. Load**  
**for FCJ Bearing**



## General Description continued

### Lubrication

The synthetic fiber/PTFE fabric wear surface of the CJ bearing is a self-contained boundary lubrication system; however, the addition of conventional lubricants often improves the overall performance of the CJ bearing. "Lubricant" is a very general term, and it is often said that any liquid will act as a lubricant. To some extent, this is true if hydrodynamic conditions are established, and the surfaces have minimal contact. The composite bearing, in earth moving equipment, operates generally in a state of boundary lubrication. Hydrocarbon oils are advantageous and can produce tenfold reductions in wear rates. Liquid lubricants can carry away heat and reduce the coefficient of friction. Greases can be used for lubrication, to prevent corrosion, and keep contamination out of the journal. In oscillating motion, the synthetic fiber/PTFE liner acts as a true boundary lubricant when the direction of motion changes and the lubrication film collapses. In rotation, with oil lubrication, the wear rate of the CJ composite has been found equal to sintered or cast bronze bearings. Fluorocarbon oils and greases should be avoided because they have been found to soften the synthetic fibers and greatly increase the rate of wear.

It is possible to add lubrication holes to the CJ bearing, but grooves are impractical. The abrasion resistance of the synthetic fibers makes groove fabrication difficult and costly.

### Thermal Properties

The operating temperature range for CJ bearings is -320°F to +300°F [-195°C to +149°C]. The bearing has been heat stabilized at a temperature above 300°F [149°C] and very little dimensional change will occur in the bearing during operation. In the free state, the coefficient of expansion of the CJ bearing in the radial direction is approximately  $7 \times 10^{-6}$  in/in/°F. When press fit into a housing, the CJ bearing assumes the coefficient of expansion of the housing material, as long as the press fit is maintained, and thus the elastic modulus of the bearing is maintained, because the elastic modulus of the bearing is lower than the elastic modulus of most metals.

The CJ composite is a thermal insulator and when heat is generated from running friction, the bearing wear surface may be hotter than the adjacent housing due to the thermal lag.

Since the installed bearing cannot expand outward, it grows inward, reducing the shaft clearance. For this reason, the shaft clearance should be increased for dry running applications that have high running velocities. Naturally, fluid cooling and lubricants will reduce the operating temperatures. Heat transfer through the bearing wall is proportional to the wall thickness, and the thinner the composite wall, the greater the transfer of heat.

### Measuring Operating PV

PV is a means of measuring the performance capabilities of bearings. P is expressed as pressure or pounds per square inch on the projected bearing area. V is the velocity in feet per minute of the wear surface.

For sleeve bearings the surface speed V is  $.262 \times \text{RPM} \times \text{diameter in inches}$ . P is equal to the load on the bearing in pounds divided by the projected area in square inches. For sleeve bearings the projected area is the length times the diameter of the bearing.

PV is then obtained by multiplying the P x V as shown in the following example:

**3/4" Shaft @ 341 RPM;  
90 lb. total load, bearing length 1"**

$V = .262 \times \text{RPM} \times \text{Diameter}$   
or  $.262 \times 341 \times .750 = 67 \text{ ft/min}$

$P = \text{Total load} \div \text{projected area}$   
area =  $.750 \times 1.0 = .75 \text{ in}^2$

$P = 90 \text{ lbs} \div .75 = 120 \text{ psi}$

$PV = 120 \text{ psi} \times 67 \text{ fpm} = 8040 \text{ PV}$

### Mechanical Properties

The CJ bearing has withstood static loads in excess of 50,000 psi [345 MPa] at room temperature. However, we do not generally recommend static loads in excess of 35,000 psi [241 MPa]. At the recommended load limits, minimal crushing will occur. As the temperature increases, the load capacity of the bearing decreases. The composite backing tends to act as a shock absorber and reduces vibration. The maximum speed is 150 surface feet per minute for dry running applications.

### Corrosion Resistance

The CJ bearing is not affected by corrosive environments. Some solutions of highly concentrated acids will attack the backing material. Specific information can be obtained from our Technical Service Department. The shaft should be stainless steel or chrome-plated if an alloy steel is used. The CJ bearing cannot rust, but when using a lubricant, it should contain a rust inhibitor to protect the shaft.



## Installation Procedures

Proper installation of components is critical to achieving the best results. TriStar recommends the following methods to ensure optimum bearing material performance.

### Installation

Composite bearings install easily. Use a shouldered arbor plug for standard press-fit installation. The diagram below shows arbor, housing, bearing, and shaft relationships.

### Press Fit Installation Using Standard Housings

The dimensions recommended here ensure proper interference fits. Using these standard bearing, shaft, and housing dimensions usually eliminates the need for further machining or reaming of the bearing.

### Press Fit Installation Using Non-Standard Housings

When using non-standard housings, you can machine a small amount of material from the O.D. of CJ bearings. Be sure the bearing is mounted on a pin of the proper diameter to prevent out-of-roundness. TriStar recommends carbide or diamond tipped tool bits.

When replacing only the bearing, be sure to clean the existing housing. Thoroughly machine it to size if necessary. Take care to remove sharp edges and add proper chamfers.

### Other Installation Methods

You can use other means of retention like staking, retainer rings, or bonding.

### Fabrication & Machining

#### Fabric Lined Bearings

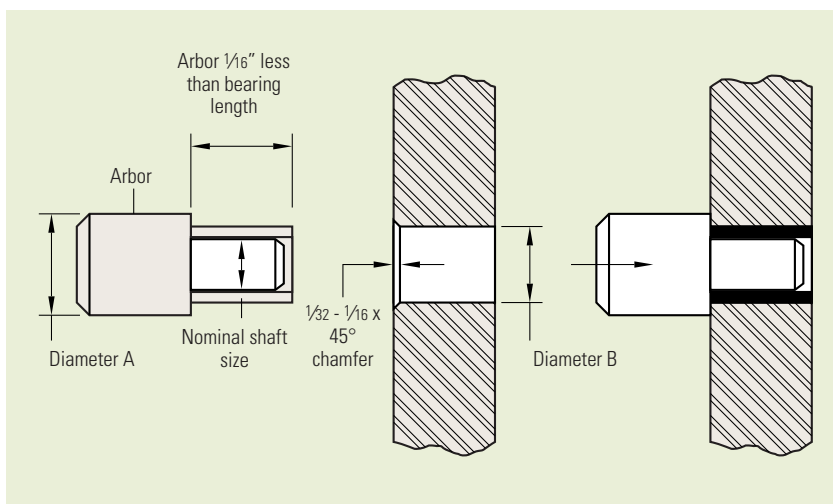
O.D. Machining: CJ bearings can be ground or turned to finished size. TriStar recommends carbide or diamond tipped tools for cutting.

Drilling: Cross drilling is acceptable for lubrication and installation, but take care not to damage the synthetic fiber/PTFE liner. Contact TriStar for assistance in drilling radial through holes.

Cutoff: TriStar recommends using a diamond wheel for abrasive cutoff. Chamfer I.D. and O.D. edges with a high-speed grinder.

I.D. Machining: Machining the I.D. of CJ bearings is not recommended. Broaching, reaming, grooving, honing or boring destroy the synthetic fiber/PTFE liner. If the bore must be modified, contact TriStar for guidance.

Bonding: Bond to housing using standard epoxies. No special surface treatment is required. Clean and degrease prior to bonding.



# Standard Sizes for CJ Bearings

## The CJ Part Numbering System:

### Identification

cj-braided composite  
 fcj-filled PTFE tape composite  
 cjme-metric braided composite

XXX

### Liner

e-metric & english braided  
 f-filled PTFE tape  
 p-knitted

X

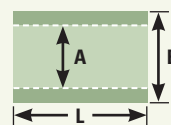
### Length

in 1/8"

XX - XX

INSIDE Diameter  
in 1/16"

OUTSIDE Diameter  
in 1/16"



All corners are broken to permit proper installation.

Only braided and filled PTFE tape lined bearings are available as standard sizes listed in this catalog. Knitted liners and other filled PTFE tapes are available as special orders.

### Thin Wall — 1/16"

Nominal I.D. x O.D.	I.D. (A)	O.D. (B)	Recommended Housing Bore	Press Fit	Recommended Shaft Size	Length ±.005 (L)	CJ Part Number
1/2 x 5/8	.5040	.6265	.6250	.0020	.4990	1/4	CJ08E10-2
	.5020	.6255	.6245	.0005	.4985	1/2	CJ08E10-4
						1	CJ08E10-8
5/8 x 3/4	.6290	.7515	.7500	.0020	.6240	1/4	CJ10E12-2
	.6270	.7505	.7495	.0005	.6235	1/2	CJ10E12-4
						1	CJ10E12-8
3/4 x 7/8	.7555	.8765	.8750	.0020	.7490	1/2	CJ12E14-4
	.7525	.8755	.8745	.0005	.7485	3/4	CJ12E14-6
						1	CJ12E14-8
7/8 x 1	.8805	1.0025	1.0000	.0030	.8745	Up to 12"	CJ14E16-
	.8775	1.0005	.9995	.0005	.8740		
1 x 1 1/8	1.0055	1.1275	1.1250	.0030	.9990	1	CJ16E18-8
	1.0025	1.1255	1.1245	.0005	.9985	1 1/4	CJ16E18-10
						1 1/2	CJ16E18-12
1 1/8 x 1 1/4	1.1335	1.2525	1.2500	.0030	1.1250	Up to 12"	CJ18E20-
	1.1305	1.2505	1.2495	.0005	1.1245		
1 1/4 x 1 3/8	1.2555	1.3785	1.3750	.0040	1.2490	Up to 12"	CJ20E22-
	1.2525	1.3765	1.3745	.0010	1.2485		
1 3/8 x 1 1/2	1.3830	1.5025	1.5000	.0030	1.3745	Up to 18"	CJ22E24-
	1.3790	1.5005	1.4995	.0005	1.3735		
1 1/2 x 1 5/8	1.5080	1.6285	1.6250	.0040	1.4995	Up to 18"	CJ24E26-
	1.5040	1.6265	1.6245	.0015	1.4990		
1 5/8 x 1 3/4	1.6330	1.7535	1.7500	.0040	1.6245	Up to 18"	CJ26E28-
	1.6290	1.7515	1.7495	.0015	1.6240		
1 3/4 x 1 7/8	1.7580	1.8785	1.8750	.0040	1.7495	Up to 18"	CJ28E30-
	1.7540	1.8765	1.8745	.0015	1.7490		
2 x 2 1/8	2.0080	2.1285	2.1255	.0040	1.9995	Up to 18"	CJ32E34-
	2.0040	2.1265	2.1245	.0010	1.9985		

Size not listed above may be quoted upon request.

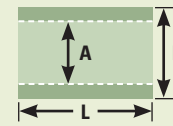
This series is designed to replace SAE sized porous powdered metal bearings below 3" ID.

### Standard Wall — 1/8"

Nominal I.D. x O.D.	I.D. (A)	O.D. (B)	Recommended Housing Bore	Press Fit	Recommended Shaft Size	Length* (L)	CJ Part Number
1/2 x 3/4	.5040	.7515	.7500	.0020	.4990	1/2	CJ08E12-4
	.5020	.7505	.7495	.0005	.4985	3/4	CJ08E12-6
						1	CJ08E12-8
5/8 x 7/8	.6290	.8765	.8750	.0020	.6240	1/2	CJ10E14-4
	.6270	.8755	.8745	.0005	.6235	3/4	CJ10E14-6
						1	CJ10E14-8
3/4 x 1	.7555	1.0025	1.0000	.0030	.7490	1/2	CJ12E16-4
	.7525	1.0005	.9995	.0005	.7485	3/4	CJ12E16-6
						1	CJ12E16-8

\*Length tolerance is +.005"/-.005" up to 2 1/2" I.D.; +.008"/-.007" on I.D. 2 1/2" and over. Sizes not listed above may be quoted upon request.

# Standard Sizes for CJ Bearings continued

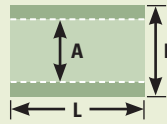


All corners are broken to permit proper installation.

## Standard Wall — 1/8"

Nominal I.D. x O.D.	I.D. (A)	O.D. (B)	Recommended Housing Bore	Press Fit	Recommended Shaft Size	Length* (L)	CJ Part Number
7/8 x 1 1/8	.8805	1.1275	1.1250	.0030	.8745	Up to 12"	CJ14E18-
	.8775	1.1255	1.1245	.0005	.8740		
1 x 1 1/4	1.0055	1.2525	1.2500	.0030	.9990	1/2	CJ16E20-4
	1.0025	1.2505	1.2495	.0005	.9985	5/8	CJ16E20-5
						3/4	CJ16E20-6
						1	CJ16E20-8
1 1/4	CJ16E20-10						
1 1/8 x 1 3/8	1.1335	1.3785	1.3750	.0040	1.1250	1/2	CJ18E22-4
	1.1305	1.3765	1.3745	.0015	1.1245	1	CJ18E22-8
						2	CJ18E22-16
1 1/4 x 1 1/2	1.2555	1.5025	1.5000	.0030	1.2490	1	CJ20E24-8
	1.2525	1.5005	1.4995	.0005	1.2485	1 1/2	CJ20E24-12
						2	CJ20E24-16
1 3/8 x 1 5/8	1.3830	1.6285	1.6250	.0040	1.3745	Up to 18"	CJ22E26-
	1.3790	1.6265	1.6245	.0015	1.3735		
1 1/2 x 1 3/4	1.5080	1.7535	1.7500	.0040	1.4995	1 1/2	CJ24E28-12
	1.5040	1.7515	1.7495	.0015	1.4990	2	CJ24E28-16
						3	CJ24E28-24
1 5/8 x 1 7/8	1.6330	1.8785	1.8750	.0040	1.6245	Up to 18"	CJ26E30-
	1.6290	1.8765	1.8745	.0015	1.6240		
1 3/4 x 2	1.7580	2.0035	2.0000	.0040	1.7495	Up to 18"	CJ28E32-
	1.7540	2.0015	1.9995	.0015	1.7490		
2 x 2 1/4	2.0080	2.2535	2.2505	.0040	1.9995	1 1/2	CJ32E36-12
	2.0040	2.2515	2.2495	.0010	1.9985	2	CJ32E36-16
						3	CJ32E36-24
2 1/4 x 2 1/2	2.2580	2.5040	2.5005	.0045	2.2490	Up to 18"	CJ36E40-
	2.2540	2.5020	2.4995	.0015	2.2485		
2 3/8 x 2 5/8	2.3850	2.6290	2.6255	.0045	2.3750		CJ38E42-
	2.3810	2.6270	2.6245	.0015	2.3740		
2 1/2 x 2 3/4	2.5100	2.7540	2.7505	.0045	2.4995	1 1/2	CJ40E44-12
	2.5060	2.7520	2.7495	.0015	2.4985	2	CJ40E44-16
						3	CJ40E44-24
2 5/8 x 2 7/8	2.6370	2.8790	2.8755	.0045	2.6245	Up to 18"	CJ42E46-
	2.6330	2.8770	2.8745	.0015	2.6235		
2 3/4 x 3	2.7620	3.0040	3.0005	.0050	2.7495	Up to 18"	CJ44E48-
	2.7580	3.0020	2.9990	.0015	2.7485		
3 x 3 1/4	3.0140	3.2540	3.2505	.0050	2.9995	Up to 18"	CJ48E52-
	3.0100	3.2520	3.2490	.0015	2.9985		
3 1/4 x 3 1/2	3.2640	3.5040	3.5010	.0050	3.2495	Up to 18"	CJ52E56-
	3.2600	3.5020	3.4990	.0010	3.2485		
3 1/2 x 3 3/4	3.5140	3.7540	3.7510	.0050	3.4995	Up to 18"	CJ56E60-
	3.5100	3.7520	3.7490	.0010	3.4985		
3 3/4 x 4	3.7640	4.0040	4.0010	.0050	3.7495	Up to 18"	CJ60E64-
	3.7600	4.0020	3.9990	.0010	3.7485		
4 x 4 1/4	4.0140	4.2540	4.2510	.0050	3.9995	Up to 18"	CJ64E68-
	4.0100	4.2520	4.2490	.0010	3.9985		
4 1/4 x 4 1/2	4.2640	4.5040	4.5010	.0050	4.2495	Up to 18"	CJ68E72-
	4.2600	4.5020	4.4990	.0015	4.2485		
4 1/2 x 4 3/4	4.5140	4.7540	4.7510	.0050	4.4995	Up to 18"	CJ72E76-
	4.5100	4.7520	4.7490	.0010	4.4985		
4 3/4 x 5	4.7640	5.0040	5.0010	.0050	4.7495	Up to 18"	CJ76E80-
	4.7600	5.0020	4.9990	.0010	4.7485		
5 x 5 1/4	5.0140	5.2540	5.2510	.0050	4.9995	Up to 18"	CJ80E84-
	5.0100	5.2520	5.2490	.0010	4.9985*		

\*Length tolerance is +.005"/-.005" up to 2 1/2" I.D.; +.008"/-.007" on I.D. 2 1/2" and over. Sizes not listed above may be quoted upon request.



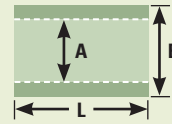
All corners are broken to permit proper installation.

**Heavy Wall — 1/4"**

Nominal I.D. x O.D.	I.D. (A)	O.D. (B)	Recommended Housing Bore	Press Fit	Recommended Shaft Size	Length* (L)	CJ Part Number
1/2 x 1	.5040	1.0025	1.0000	.0030	.4990	Up to 12"	CJ08E16-
	.5020	1.0005	.9995	.0005	.4985		
5/8 x 1 1/8	.6290	1.1275	1.1250	.0030	.6240	Up to 12"	CJ10E18-
	.6270	1.1255	1.1245	.0005	.6235		
3/4 x 1 1/4	.7555	1.2525	1.2500	.0030	.7490	Up to 12"	CJ12E20-
	.7525	1.2505	1.2495	.0005	.7485		
7/8 x 1 3/8	.8805	1.3785	1.3750	.0040	.8745	Up to 12"	CJ14E22-
	.8775	1.3765	1.3745	.0015	.8740		
1 x 1 1/2	1.0055	1.5025	1.5000	.0030	.9990	1	CJ16E24-8
	1.0025	1.5005	1.4995	.0005	.9985	1 1/4	CJ16E24-10
1 1/8 x 1 5/8	1.1335	1.6285	1.6250	.0040	1.1250	Up to 12"	CJ18E26-
	1.1305	1.6265	1.6245	.0015	1.1245		
1 1/4 x 1 3/4	1.2555	1.7535	1.7500	.0040	1.2490	1	CJ20E28-8
	1.2525	1.7515	1.7495	.0015	1.2485	2	CJ20E28-16
1 3/8 x 1 7/8	1.3830	1.8785	1.8750	.0040	1.3745	Up to 18"	CJ22E30-
	1.3790	1.8765	1.8745	.0015	1.3740		
1 1/2 x 2	1.5080	2.0035	2.0000	.0040	1.4995	1 1/2	CJ24E32-12
	1.5040	2.0015	1.9995	.0015	1.4990	2	CJ24E32-16
1 5/8 x 2 1/8	1.6330	2.1285	2.1255	.0040	1.6246	Up to 18"	CJ26E34-
	1.6290	2.1265	2.1245	.0015	1.6240		
1 3/4 x 2 1/4	1.7580	2.2535	2.2505	.0040	1.7495	Up to 18"	CJ28E36-
	1.7540	2.2515	2.2495	.0010	1.7490		
2 x 2 1/2	2.0080	2.5040	2.5005	.0045	1.9995	1 1/2	CJ32E40-12
	2.0040	2.5020	2.4995	.0015	1.9985	2	CJ32E40-16
2 1/4 x 2 3/4	2.2580	2.7540	2.7505	.0045	2.2490	Up to 18"	CJ36E44-
	2.2540	2.7520	2.7495	.0015	2.2480		
2 3/8 x 2 7/8	2.3850	2.8790	2.8755	.0045	2.3750	Up to 18"	CJ38E46-
	2.3810	2.8770	2.8745	.0015	2.3740		
2 1/2 x 3	2.5100	3.0040	3.0005	.0050	2.4995	Up to 18"	CJ40E48-
	2.5060	3.0020	2.9990	.0015	2.4990		
2 5/8 x 3 1/8	2.6370	3.1290	3.1255	.0050	2.6245	Up to 18"	CJ42E50-
	2.6330	3.1270	3.1240	.0015	2.6240		
2 3/4 x 3 1/4	2.7620	3.2540	3.2505	.0050	2.7495	Up to 18"	CJ44E52-
	2.7580	3.2520	3.2490	.0015	2.7485		
3 x 3 1/2	3.0140	3.5040	3.5010	.0050	2.9995	Up to 18"	CJ48E56-
	3.0100	3.5020	3.4990	.0010	2.9985		
3 1/4 x 3 3/4	3.2640	3.7540	3.7510	.0050	3.2495	Up to 18"	CJ52E60-
	3.2600	3.7520	3.7490	.0010	3.2485		
3 1/2 x 4	3.5140	4.0040	4.0010	.0050	3.4995	Up to 18"	CJ56E64-
	3.5100	4.0020	3.9990	.0010	3.4985		
3 3/4 x 4 1/4	3.7640	4.2540	4.2510	.0050	3.7495	Up to 18"	CJ60E68-
	3.7600	4.2520	4.2490	.0010	3.7485		
4 x 4 1/2	4.0140	4.5040	4.5010	.0050	3.9995	Up to 18"	CJ64E72-
	4.0100	4.5020	4.4990	.0010	3.9985		
4 1/4 x 4 3/4	4.2640	4.7540	4.7510	.0050	4.2495	Up to 18"	CJ68E76-
	4.2600	4.7520	4.7490	.0010	4.2485		
4 1/2 x 5	4.5140	5.0040	5.0010	.0050	4.4995	Up to 18"	CJ72E80-
	4.5100	5.0020	4.9990	.0010	4.4985		
4 3/4 x 5 1/4	4.7640	5.2540	5.2510	.0050	4.7495	Up to 18"	CJ76E84-
	4.7600	5.2520	5.2490	.0010	4.7485		
5 x 5 1/2	5.0140	5.5040	5.5010	.0050	4.9995	Up to 18"	CJ80E88-
	5.0100	5.5020	5.4990	.0010	4.9985		

\*Length tolerance is +.005"/-.005" up to 2 1/2" I.D.; +.008"/-.007" on I.D. 2 1/2" and over. Sizes not listed above may be quoted upon request.

## Standard Sizes for CJ Bearings continued



All corners are broken to permit proper installation.

### 2.5 MM Wall Series Metric Dimensions (MM)

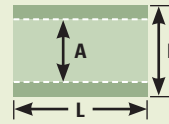
Nominal I.D. x O.D.	I.D. (A)	O.D. (B)	Recommended Housing Bore	Press Fit	Recommended Shaft Size	CJ Part Number
12 x 17	12.143	17.068	17.018	.068	12.000	CJME12E17-
	12.093	17.043	17.000	.025	11.982	
15 x 20	15.146	20.071	20.021	.071	15.000	CJME15E20-
	15.096	20.046	20.000	.025	14.982	
18 x 23	18.201	23.096	23.021	.096	18.000	CJME18E23-
	18.121	23.046	23.000	.025	17.982	
20 x 25	20.201	25.096	25.021	.096	20.000	CJME20E25-
	20.121	25.046	25.000	.025	19.979	
22 x 27	22.201	27.096	27.021	.096	22.000	CJME22E27-
	22.121	27.046	27.000	.025	21.979	
25 x 30	25.205	30.100	30.025	.100	25.000	CJME25E30-
	25.125	30.050	30.000	.025	24.979	
30 x 35	30.205	35.100	35.025	.100	30.000	CJME30E35-
	30.125	35.050	35.000	.025	29.979	
35 x 40	35.225	40.100	40.025	.100	35.000	CJME35E40-
	35.125	40.050	40.000	.025	34.975	
40 x 45	40.225	45.100	45.025	.100	40.000	CJME40E45-
	40.125	45.050	45.000	.025	39.975	
45 x 50	45.230	50.105	50.025	.105	45.000	CJME45E50-
	45.130	50.055	50.000	.030	44.975	
50 x 55	50.225	55.105	55.030	.105	50.000	CJME50E55-
	50.155	55.055	55.000	.025	49.975	

### 5.0 MM Wall Series Metric Dimensions (MM)

Nominal I.D. x O.D.	I.D. (A)	O.D. (B)	Recommended Housing Bore	Press Fit	Recommended Shaft Size	CJ Part Number
30 x 40	30.205	40.100	40.025	.100	30.000	CJME30E40-
	30.125	40.050	40.000	.025	29.979	
35 x 45	35.225	45.100	45.025	.100	35.000	CJME35E45-
	35.125	45.050	45.000	.025	34.975	
40 x 50	40.225	50.100	50.025	.100	40.000	CJME40E50-
	40.125	50.050	50.000	.025	39.975	
45 x 55	45.230	55.105	55.030	.105	45.000	CJME45E55-
	45.130	55.055	55.000	.025	44.975	
50 x 60	50.225	60.105	60.030	.105	50.000	CJME50E60-
	50.155	60.055	60.000	.025	49.975	
55 x 65	55.255	65.105	65.030	.105	55.000	CJME55E65-
	55.155	65.055	65.000	.025	54.970	
60 x 70	60.255	70.105	70.030	.105	60.000	CJME60E70-
	60.155	70.055	70.000	.025	59.970	
65 x 75	65.255	75.105	75.030	.105	65.000	CJME65E75-
	65.155	75.055	75.000	.025	64.970	
70 x 80	70.305	80.105	80.030	.105	70.000	CJME70E80-
	70.205	80.055	80.000	.025	69.970	
75 x 85	75.310	85.110	85.035	.110	75.000	CJME75E85-
	75.210	85.060	85.000	.025	74.970	
80 x 90	80.310	90.110	90.035	.110	80.000	CJME80E90-
	80.210	90.060	90.000	.025	79.970	
85 x 95	85.360	95.110	95.035	.110	85.000	CJME85E95-
	85.260	95.060	95.000	.025	84.965	
90 x 100	90.360	100.110	100.035	.110	90.000	CJME90E100-
	90.260	100.060	100.000	.025	89.965	
100 x 110	100.360	110.110	110.035	.110	100.000	CJME100E110-
	100.260	110.060	110.000	.025	99.965	
100 x 120	100.360	120.110	120.035	.110	110.000	CJME110E120-
	100.260	120.060	120.000	.025	109.965	
120 x 130	120.365	130.115	130.040	.115	120.000	CJME120E130-
	120.265	130.065	130.000	.025	119.965	

\*Length tolerance: +0/- .25 mm for I.D. up to and including 55 mm, +0/- .40 mm for I.D. 60 mm and larger. Sizes not listed above may be quoted upon request.

## Standard Sizes for FCJ Bearings



All corners are broken to permit proper installation.

### Standard Wall — 1/8"

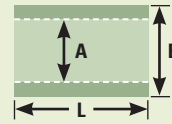
Nominal I.D. x O.D.	I.D. (A)	O.D. (B)	Recommended Housing Bore	Press Fit	Recommended Shaft Size	Length* (L)	CJ Part Number
1/2 x 3/4	.504	.7515	.7500	.0020	.4995	1/2	FCJ08F12-4
	.502	.7505	.7495	.0005	.4985	3/4	FCJ08F12-6
						1	FCJ08F12-8
5/8 x 7/8	.629	.8765	.8750	.0020	.6245	1/2	FCJ10F14-4
	.627	.8755	.8745	.0005	.6235	3/4	FCJ10F14-6
						1	FCJ10F14-8
3/4 x 1	.7555	1.0025	1.0000	.0030	.7495	Up to 12"	FCJ12F16-
	.7525	1.0005	.9995	.0005	.7485		
7/8 x 1 1/8	.8805	1.1275	1.1250	.0030	.8745	Up to 12"	FCJ14F18-
	.8775	1.1255	1.1245	.0005	.8735		
1 x 1 1/4	1.0055	1.2525	1.2500	.0030	.9995	5/8	FCJ16F20-5
	1.0025	1.2505	1.2495	.0005	.9985	3/4	FCJ16F20-6
						1	FCJ16F20-8
						1 1/4	FCJ16F20-10
1 1/8 x 1 3/8	1.1335	1.3785	1.3750	.0040	1.1245	1/2	FCJ18F22-4
	1.1305	1.3765	1.3745	.0015	1.1235	1	FCJ18F22-8
						2	FCJ18F22-16
1 1/4 x 1 1/2	1.2555	1.5025	1.5000	.0030	1.2495	1	FCJ20F24-8
	1.2525	1.5005	1.4995	.0005	1.2485	1 1/2	FCJ20F24-12
						2	FCJ20F24-16
1 3/8 x 1 5/8	1.3830	1.6285	1.6250	.0040	1.3745	Up to 18"	FCJ22F26-
	1.3790	1.6265	1.6245	.0015	1.3735		
1 1/2 x 1 3/4	1.5080	1.7535	1.7500	.0040	1.4995	Up to 18"	FCJ24F28-
	1.5040	1.7515	1.7495	.0015	1.4980		
1 3/4 x 2	1.7580	2.0035	2.0000	.0040	1.7495	Up to 18"	FCJ28F32-
	1.7540	2.0015	1.9995	.0015	1.7480		
2 x 2 1/4	2.0080	2.2535	2.2505	.0040	1.9995	1 1/2	FCJ32F36-12
	2.0040	2.2515	2.2495	.0015	1.9980	2	FCJ32F36-16
						3	FCJ32F36-24

### Heavy Wall — 1/4"

Nominal I.D. x O.D.	I.D. (A)	O.D. (B)	Recommended Housing Bore	Press Fit	Recommended Shaft Size	Length* (L)	CJ Part Number
2 x 2 1/2	2.0080	2.5040	2.5005	.0045	1.9995	1 1/2	FCJ32F40-12
	2.0040	2.5020	2.4995	.0015	1.9980	2	FCJ32F40-16
2 1/2 x 2 3/4	2.5100	2.7540	2.7505	.0045	2.4995	1 1/2	FCJ40F44-12
	2.5060	2.7520	2.7495	.0015	2.4975	2	FCJ40F44-16
						3	FCJ40F44-24
2 1/2 x 3	2.5100	3.0040	3.0005	.0050	2.4995	Up to 18"	FCJ40F48-
	2.5060	3.0020	2.9990	.0015	2.4975		
3 x 3 1/4	3.0140	3.2540	3.2505	.0050	2.9995	Up to 18"	FCJ48F52-
	3.0100	3.2520	3.2490	.0015	2.9975		
3 x 3 1/2	3.0140	3.5040	3.5010	.0050	2.9995	Up to 18"	FCJ48F56-
	3.0100	3.5020	3.4990	.0010	2.9975		
3 1/2 x 4	3.5140	4.0040	4.0010	.0050	3.4995	Up to 18"	FCJ56F64-
	3.5100	4.0020	3.9990	.0010	3.4965		
4 x 4 1/2	4.0140	4.5040	4.5010	.0050	3.9995	Up to 18"	FCJ64F72-
	4.0100	4.5020	4.4990	.0010	3.9965		
5 x 5 1/2	5.0140	5.5040	5.5010	.0050	4.9995	Up to 18"	FCJ80F88-
	5.0100	5.5020	5.4990	.0010	4.9960		

\*Length tolerance is +.005"/-.005" up to 2 1/2" I.D.; +.008"/-.007" on I.D. 2 1/2" and over. Sizes not listed above may be quoted upon request.

## Standard Sizes for FCJ Bearings continued



All corners are broken to permit proper installation.

### 2.5 MM Wall Series Metric Dimensions (MM)

Nominal I.D. x O.D.	I.D. (A)	O.D. (B)	Recommended Housing Bore	Press Fit	Recommended Shaft Size	FCJ Part Number
12 x 17	12.143	17.068	17.018	.068	12.000	FCJE12E17-
	12.093	17.043	17.000	.025	11.982	
15 x 20	15.146	20.071	20.021	.071	15.000	FCJE15E20-
	15.096	20.046	20.000	.025	14.982	
18 x 23	18.201	23.096	23.021	.096	18.000	FCJE18E23-
	18.121	23.046	23.000	.025	17.982	
20 x 25	20.201	25.096	25.021	.096	20.000	FCJE20E25-
	20.121	25.046	25.000	.025	19.979	
22 x 27	22.201	27.096	27.021	.096	22.000	FCJE22E27-
	22.121	27.046	27.000	.025	21.979	
25 x 30	25.205	30.100	30.025	.100	25.000	FCJE25E30-
	25.125	30.050	30.000	.025	24.979	
30 x 35	30.205	35.100	35.025	.100	30.000	FCJE30E35-
	30.125	35.050	35.000	.025	29.979	
35 x 40	35.225	40.100	40.025	.100	35.000	FCJE35E40-
	35.125	40.050	40.000	.025	34.975	
40 x 45	40.225	45.100	45.025	.100	40.000	FCJE40E45-
	40.125	45.050	45.000	.025	39.975	
45 x 50	45.230	50.105	50.025	.105	45.000	FCJE45E50-
	45.130	50.055	50.000	.030	44.975	
50 x 55	50.225	55.105	55.030	.105	50.000	FCJE50E55-
	50.155	55.055	55.000	.025	49.975	

### 5.0 MM Wall Series Metric Dimensions (MM)

Nominal I.D. x O.D.	I.D. (A)	O.D. (B)	Recommended Housing Bore	Press Fit	Recommended Shaft Size	FCJ Part Number
30 x 40	30.205	40.100	40.025	.100	30.000	FCJE30E40-
	30.125	40.050	40.000	.025	29.979	
35 x 45	35.225	45.100	45.025	.100	35.000	FCJE35E45-
	35.125	45.050	45.000	.025	34.975	
40 x 50	40.225	50.100	50.025	.100	40.000	FCJE40E50-
	40.125	50.050	50.000	.025	39.975	
45 x 55	45.230	55.105	55.030	.105	45.000	FCJE45E55-
	45.130	55.055	55.000	.025	44.975	
50 x 60	50.225	60.105	60.030	.105	50.000	FCJE50E60-
	50.155	60.055	60.000	.025	49.975	
55 x 65	55.255	65.105	65.030	.105	55.000	FCJE55E65-
	55.155	65.055	65.000	.025	54.970	
60 x 70	60.255	70.105	70.030	.105	60.000	FCJE60E70-
	60.155	70.055	70.000	.025	59.970	
65 x 75	65.255	75.105	75.030	.105	65.000	FCJE65E75-
	65.155	75.055	75.000	.025	64.970	
70 x 80	70.305	80.105	80.030	.105	70.000	FCJE70E80-
	70.205	80.055	80.000	.025	69.970	
75 x 85	75.310	85.110	85.035	.110	75.000	FCJE75E85-
	75.210	85.060	85.000	.025	74.970	
80 x 90	80.310	90.110	90.035	.110	80.000	FCJE80E90-
	80.210	90.060	90.000	.025	79.970	
85 x 95	85.360	95.110	95.035	.110	85.000	FCJE85E95-
	85.260	95.060	95.000	.025	84.965	
90 x 100	90.360	100.110	100.035	.110	90.000	FCJE90E100-
	90.260	100.060	100.000	.025	89.965	
100 x 110	100.360	110.110	110.035	.110	100.000	FCJE100E110-
	100.260	110.060	110.000	.025	99.965	
100 x 120	100.360	120.110	120.035	.110	110.000	FCJE110E120-
	100.260	120.060	120.000	.025	109.965	
120 x 130	120.365	130.115	130.040	.115	120.000	FCJE120E130-
	120.265	130.065	130.000	.025	119.965	

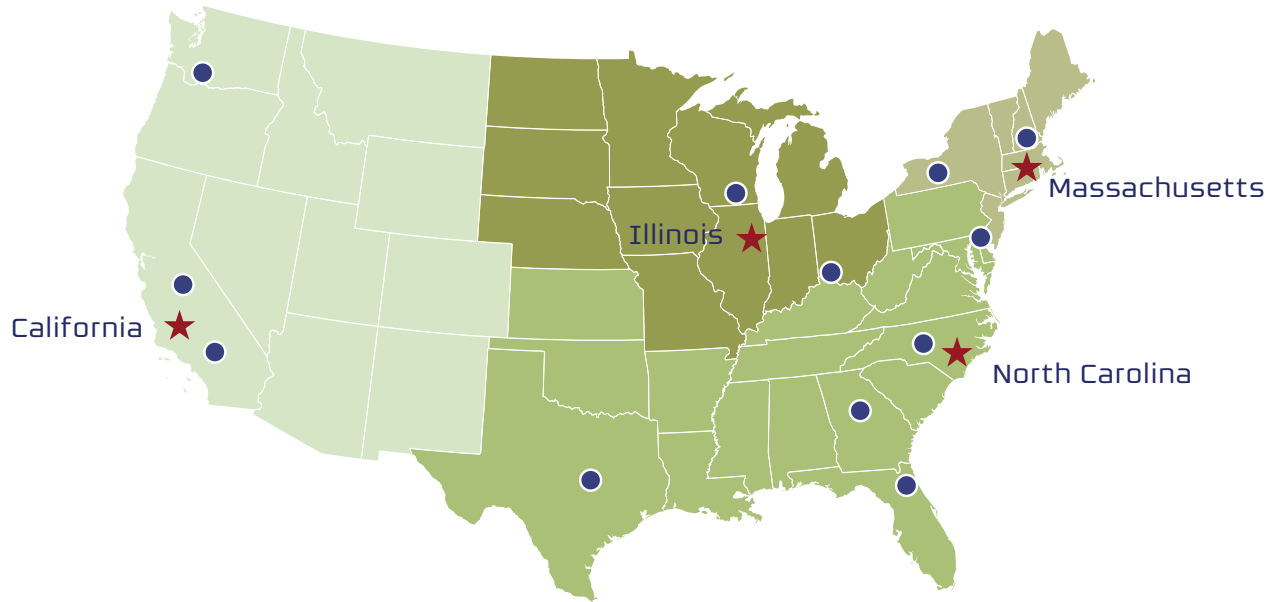
\*Length tolerance: +0/- .25 mm for I.D. up to and including 55 mm, +0/- .40 mm for I.D. 60 mm and larger. Sizes not listed above may be quoted upon request.

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